

The Sydney Morning Herald.

"IN MODERATION PLACING ALL MY GLORY, WHILE TORIES CALL ME WHIG—AND WHIGS A TORY."

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Sydney, Fifteen Shillings per Quarter. Single Numbers, Sixpence. Country, Sixteen Shillings and Sixpence per Quarter. Ten per cent. discount for payment in advance, and ten per cent. added if accounts are allowed to run over six months.

VOL. XIV.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1842.

No. 1667.

CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

For one inch and under, Two Shillings and Sixpence, and One Shilling for every additional inch, for each insertion.

The only persons authorized to receive Money and Communications on account of the "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" (except at the Office of Publication, Lower George-street, Sydney) are Mr. JOHN HARRIS, Collector, Sydney; Mr. JOSEPH HUNT, Balmain; Mr. JOHN LASCOMBE, Bathurst; Mr. LEBAN WHITE, Windsor; Mr. HUGH TAYLOR, Parramatta; Mr. A. W. LARVORNE, Maitland and Wallombi; Mr. D. L. SPILLANE, Campbelltown; Mr. J. COLEMAN, Penrith; Mr. R. D. DAVISON, Wellington; Mr. ROBERT CRAIG, Cabinetmaker, Goulburn; Mr. JOHN M'KISLY, Postmaster, Castlereagh; Mr. JOHN GRAY, Queen'sbury; Mr. A. BROWN, Deputy Postmaster, Singleton and Jerry's Plains; Mr. WILLIAM PRITCHARD, Deputy Postmaster, Liverpool; Mr. WILLIAM BARNES, Wellington, for Port Nicholson and Cook's Straits, New Zealand; who are provided with Printed Receipts, with the written signatures of Mr. KEMP and FAIRFAX, who hereby give Notice that no other will be acknowledged for debts accruing from January 1, 1841.

"SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" is Published every Morning (Sundays excepted); and the Quarters end the 31st March, 30th June, 30th September, and 31st December; at which periods only can Subscribers decline by giving Notice and paying the amount due to the end of the Current Quarter. ADVERTISEMENTS must specify on the face of them the number of times they are intended to be inserted, or they will be continued till countermanded, and charged to the party. No Advertisements can be withdrawn after Eleven o'clock, a.m., but new ones will be received until Nine o'clock in the Evening. No verbal communications can be attended to, and all letters must be paid, or they will not be taken in.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE Subscribers to this Paper, and the Public generally, are respectfully informed, that in future following Rules will be strictly adhered to:—

In Sydney.—No new Subscribers will be received without one quarter being paid in advance, for which ten per cent. will be allowed; the subscription in advance being 13s. 6d. per quarter.

In the Country.—No new Subscribers will be received without advance, for which ten per cent. will be allowed; the subscription in advance being £1 1s. 6d. per half year; and the Proprietors must be furnished with the time of a written undertaking that all future payments, with subscription and charges of advertisements, shall be made in Sydney, or by the hands of an Agent.

In all cases, whether in Town or Country, the names of persons will be struck off the subscription list, when the arrears against them have been paid over twelve months, and proceedings for recovering the amount will be instituted.

No Advertisements will be received from persons who are not Subscribers without payment in advance, either remittance or an order upon some responsible individual in Sydney, in all cases of Insolvency, when the party is a Subscribers to this journal, the name is at once erased from the Subscribers' Book; and if wish to take the paper in future, must comply with the rule affecting new Subscribers, and pay in advance.

HORSES RACES.

A STEAM PACKET will leave the Committee of Town on Wednesday at nine o'clock in the morning of the races, conveying passengers to vicinity of the Race Course, returning to Sydney at five p.m. 3635

SHAMOIS.

AFTER the present voyage to Port Phillip, it is intended that the ship, shall leave Sydney for Hobart Town on the 2nd October next, and thereafter continue to leave Sydney for Hobart Town on about the 1st and for Port Phillip on about 15th of each month, and for George Town going to and returning from the latter place.

BOYD AND CO.

Unwin's Buildings, Custom House, Sydney, September 13. 3639

TON MORTON DAY.

A REGULAR TRADE. THE fine first class Schooner EDWARD, John Chapman, master. This vessel is duly registered, and the main topsails stored free of charge.

THOMAS AGARS.

Kent-street North. For Moreton Bay.

THE PACKET SCHOONER WANDERER. Henry Burns, master, will commence loading Morley and others' wharves, and sail on Monday the 28th inst. His superior accommodations for passengers, fares lower than any vessel in the port. For particulars apply to the Master or to Mr. Thomas Steele, owner. 3917

THE FINE SCHOONER FORT PHILLIP, to sail positively on the 1st October, full or not full.

THE FINE SCHOONER A. 123 tons, will freight or passage, apply on board, at the Queen's Wharf; or to J. B. METCALF, Lower George-street, September 19. 3923

THE WARLOCK. For Launceston, will positively leave in a day or two, carrying only a few for the Queen's Wharf; or to J. B. METCALF, Lower George-street, September 19. 3923

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FOR BOMBYE DEMOT. With a detachment of H. M. 28th REGIMENT.

THE H. M. 28TH REGIMENT. G. C. RIDLEY, commander. This vessel, 642 tons, will register, John P. Ridley, commander. This vessel has excellent accommodation for passengers, and will carry a Surgeon. Parties will be entertained a Brother of the Sanitation Society, paid by Mr. Robert Scott, Lander, R. S. A.

Dr. Trall, in seconding the motion, said, it was by no means the object of this Society to encourage Scottish art, by confounding it to the neglect of works representing scenes of national life, and the manners alone.

The first resolution, approving of the second resolution, agreeing of the picture proposed to be engraved for the subscription of 1842-3, that the engraving of the picture, to be entitled "The Sailor's Return," be engraved by a Brother of the Sanitation Society, paid by Mr. Robert Scott, Lander, R. S. A.

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Advertiser Index, South Africa, 1920, pp. 1-2.
Advertiser Index, South Africa, 1920, pp. 3-4.
Advertiser Index, South Africa, 1920, pp. 5-6.
Advertiser Index, South Africa, 1920, pp. 7-8.
Advertiser Index, South Africa, 1920, pp. 9-10.

ENGLISH EXTRACTS:**DINNER TO SIR ALLAN McNAB.***(From the Standard, April 28.)*

YESTERDAY a dinner was given, at the Thatched House Tavern, St. James's street, to the above distinguished individual, by the Colonial Company. The Right Hon. Lord Mountesquieu presided; he was supported on the right by Sir Allan McNab, and on the left by Sir Francis Head; and among those present we observed Sir A. D'Ester, Sir D. McDougal, Major Cadogan, Lieut. Colonel P. Taylor, the Chevalier Dillon, Dr. Ifill, Mr. Martin, Mr. D. Urquhart, and many other gentlemen either distinguished for their advocacy of our colonial interests, or having extensive possessions in the Canadas.

After the removal of the cloth, the usual loyal toasts were drunk with all due honours. Upon that of "The Duke of Sussex and the rest of the Royal Family" being warmly responded to,

Sir Augustus D'Ester returned thanks. He said it was impossible for a son at any time to hear the health of his father given without feeling exceedingly grateful for the honour which was paid to his parent; on such occasion such were his feelings, but on the present occasion they were of a much stronger nature. They were assembled together for reasons the most ennobling (hear). They were assembled for the purpose of awarding honour to him who merited it (cheers). They were assembled for the purpose of showing the strong interest they too' in one of the most important of the children of the mother country (cheers). When a party so assembled had done his father the honour of calling him to their recollection by drinking his health, of course it enhanced the value, and he begged to express to them his most grateful thanks for the honour they had conferred upon his parent.

The Chairman then proposed "The Army and the Navy."

The toast having been drunk with three times three,

Sir A. McDougal rose, amidst loud cheering, to return thanks. He said that after the very eloquent speech of their noble chairman, and the kind manner in which he had spoken of the profession of the united service, in one branch of which he (Sir A. McDougal) had spent the best part of his life, it was unnecessary for him to assure them of the great delight which every soldier and sailor experienced in finding that the health of the United service was always given and received in the manner in which it was. But he must say he had never experienced greater pleasure in returning thanks than he did on the present occasion—when he saw before him the honoured guest who had so nobly distinguished himself with many of his (Sir A. McDougal's) old companions in arms, in his exertions to maintain the connexion between the other country and Canada. It afforded him delight to have an opportunity of saying, from his own personal knowledge, that to the zeal, gallantry, and useful services of their honoured guest, was greatly to be ascribed the maintenance of the connexion between Canada and the parent country. He knew as a soldier that all the force we could send to Canada—notwithstanding our army being the finest in the world—would be as nothing if it were not supported by the good feeling of the colonial population (cheers). With that good feeling, and with a very small body of British troops as a nucleus, he said, the British colonies in Canada might defy all the power of the United States or any other power. Therefore, particular honour was due to those gallant colonists who had come forward in the time of danger (one of the company, "As they have always done"). Yes, as they had always done—it showed their desire to remain British subjects (cheers).

The noble Chairman said, it afforded him sincere gratification to propose to them the health of their gallant and worthy guest, Sir Allan McNab (loud and long-continued cheers). The great services he had rendered to Canada and to these realms were matters of history; they were all known to gentlemen present, and it perhaps would be idle in him to go into the detail of them. Indeed, to relate all that he had performed for the Canadas and for this empire, would take more time than would, he believed, be convenient; but the pages of history would hand them down to posterity, and all who read them would bestow blessings on his name. But there was one fact perhaps not so well known to gentlemen present. It was that when Sir A. McNab first entered the House of Assembly, he found that the greater number of its members were disinclined towards the united kingdom, and that he had to raise, almost single-handed, his voice against them (hear, hear). In fact he made such exertions that he brought down on himself great oppression, and was actually put in prison nearly the whole of one session (hear, hear). At the time of the outbreak in Canada their honoured guest filled the high and distinguished situation of Speaker to the House of Assembly. It might be supposed not to be the duty of the Speaker of the House of Assembly to take the lead in the defence of his country, but Sir Allan McNab considered that the situation which he filled did not deprive him of the right of standing forward in the defence of his country. He came forward in the moment of danger, and rallied round him in a few days 1600 volunteers—such was the confidence placed in his character (cheers). Assisted by these gallant volunteers he went forward, and when there was not any regular soldier in the province, put down rebellion (cheers). It is remembered that during a part of this time he was placed in a very responsible situation (hear). He would call their attention to the case of the *Caroline* (hear, hear). Careless of the result, he took upon himself the responsibility of destroying that piratical vessel (loud cheers). He destroyed that piratical vessel (renewed cheers), and he was sure from the cheers with which the company received the mention of the fact, that all present were of opinion that on that occasion Sir Allan McNab did his duty (loud cheers), and it must be highly satisfactory to their minds that the Government of England had acknowledged his services, though it would, perhaps, have pleased him (the noble chairman) better, had they been acknowledged in a more straightforward manner (cheers). But better late than never; and it was a satisfaction to him (the noble chairman's) mind that their worthy friend had been borne harmless in the eyes of the world, and that he would be viewed with admiration by posterity. It would always be a bright point in the history of Sir Allan McNab's life, that he did put down piracy, and that he did maintain British rights, and took every proper and legal means, he asserted, to protect our colonies from invasion of a nation who, at the same time they declared themselves to be our friends, acknowledged that they had not the power to check the

marauders who were invading the frontiers of Canada (hear). He did not pretend to have a profound knowledge in jurisprudence, but it had been written, he believed, by the most eminent authorities on the laws of nations, that where one nation had not the power to suppress the lawless acts of its own subjects, another nation was justified in taking a decided step in the matter (hear). Sir Allan McNab did nothing more than this, and he trusted that he, by his duty, when the people of the United States came to a sober state, when they were able to reflect over matters in a calm and deliberate manner, they would do justice to Sir Allan McNab (hear, hear).

After the great services their worthy guest had rendered to his native land (Canada), he (the noble lord) thought it might be a matter of great satisfaction to every gentleman present to have this opportunity of testifying the respect and esteem they entertained towards his high character (loud cheers).

The health of Sir Allan McNab was then drunk with three times three, and one cheer more, reiterated again and again.

Sir Allan McNab was enthusiastically cheered on his rising to return thanks. He said it was a source of great exultation on his first visit to this country, to receive from them such an overpowering welcome, such a gratifying compliment as the present, the remembrance of which he gratefully assured them could never be effaced from his mind. As a Canadian he had always been his proudest boast to the world (cheers).

The noble Chairman next proposed

"The Health of Sir Francis Head."

This was drunk with three times three.

Sir Francis Head returned them his best thanks for the honour they had just done him. With respect to his own services, he begged to sum them up in one word. He did all he could, he did the best he could, and having said that he dismissed the subject (cheers). He now would turn to a subject more interesting to them all—to their excellent and distinguished guest, Sir Allan McNab, in whose honour they had assembled previous to the last American war; they were then, in fact, the descendants of those veteran soldiers who gave up extensive and valuable possessions, in the United States, rather than forfeit their allegiance to the British Crown (hear, hear), and those who emigrated to that colony previous to the year 1812. They were, in fact, those men, and their descendants, who rallied round General Brock, and accompanied him to Detroit, and captured that fort with General Hull, and his army, who, in conjunction with the British troops, and the gallant warriors of the six native Indians, fought the battle of Queenston, and drove an army of Americans into the Niagara river. They were, in fact, the men who (in a great measure) defended the province during the last American war, when that country was occupied in a most momentous struggle. They were the men who, in conjunction with the King's troops, took the whole of frontier from the Americans, and who had ever displayed the warmest attachment to the British throne, and to the British constitution, and who, if they were a "family compact" it could not be denied, were greatly attached to their parent, for whom they had ever displayed the warmest, the fondest, and most inviolable attachment (cheers). The toast was drunk with three times three.

The noble Chairman next proposed

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